



**KWARA STATE MINISTRY OF HEALTH**  
**Kwara State Ministry of Health Complex,**  
**PMB 1386, Fate Road Ilorin.**

**REPORT ON BASELINE MAPPING OF PRIMARY HEALTH CARE WORKFORCE AND DEVELOPMENT OF  
MULTI-YEAR COSTED RECRUITMENT PLAN**

**1. Introduction**

This report presents the findings of the baseline exercise mapping conducted on the number and duty stations of **primary health care (PHC) workers** across Kwara State. The report developed a multi-year, cost-worker recruitment and deployment plan to address identified staffing gaps. This initiative is essential for strengthening the health workforce and improving healthcare service delivery.

**2. Objectives:** The primary objectives of this baseline exercise are to:

- Conduct a comprehensive enumeration of **primary health care workers** in Kwara State.
- Identify and map health worker duty stations across the 16 Local Government Areas (LGAs).

- Assess health workers' distribution, qualifications, and specialization to determine staffing gaps.
- Develop a multi-year, costed health-worker recruitment and deployment plan to address deficiencies.
- Provide policy recommendations for sustainable workforce planning and improved health outcomes.

**3. Methodology** A mixed-methods approach was used to ensure a comprehensive analysis:

- **Data Collection:** Enumeration of health workers, facility visits, and stakeholder consultations.
- **Gap Analysis:** Patient-health worker ratios, area-specific shortages, and deployment imbalances are assessed.
- **Financial Analysis:** Estimating recruitment, training, and deployment budgetary requirements.

## **4. Key Findings**

### **4.1 Health Worker Distribution**

- A total of **3,148** existing health workers were identified across **520** primary healthcare facilities in the state.
- Urban areas have a higher concentration of health workers, while rural and underserved communities experience critical shortages.
- There is a notable gender and professional imbalance, with shortages in key health specializations such as maternal and child health services.

### **4.2 Staffing Gaps**

- Kwara State has a shortfall of **4,529** health workers, particularly in nursing, midwifery, and community health services.
- Rural LGAs experience high health worker attrition due to inadequate infrastructure and lack of incentives.
- In some PHC facilities, the patient-health worker ratio exceeds recommended standards, negatively impacting service delivery.

### 4.3 Financial and Workforce Projections

- Based on projected population growth and worker retirements, the state must recruit **4,529** new health workers over the next five years.
- The estimated recruitment, training, and deployment cost is **₦ 6.98 billion**.

**5. Multi-Year Health-Worker Recruitment and Deployment Plan** A structured approach is required to bridge the staffing gap. The following are the phased plans:

#### **2025-2029 KWARA STATE MULTI-YEAR COSTED HEALTH WORKERS RECRUITMENT AND TRAINING PLAN**

| <b>Year</b> | <b>Recruitment Plan</b>                                           | <b>Training Plan</b>                                               | <b>Budget (Naira)</b> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2025        | Recruit 1,005 health workers for primary healthcare centers.      | Provide foundational training for newly recruited health workers.  | N1,992,713,802.57     |
| 2026        | Recruit an additional 1,000 health workers for underserved areas. | Develop structured induction training and specialization programs. | N1,982,799,803.55     |
| 2027        | Recruit 1,519 more health workers to address staffing gaps.       | Implement continuous professional development courses.             | N1,011,872,901.59     |
| 2028        | Evaluate recruitment impact and address emerging needs.           | Enhance refresher training and mentorship initiatives.             | N992,613,492.29       |
| 2029        | Achieve full-health worker sufficiency in Kwara State.            | Upgrade digital literacy and emergency response training.          | N1,000,000,000        |

## **Kwara State PHC Workforce Forecast and Recruitment Projection (2025–2028)**

### **Workforce Forecast and Recruitment Projection (2025–2028)**

The baseline assessment identified 3,148 health workers serving 520 Primary Health Care facilities in Kwara State, with an estimated shortfall of 4,529 health workers, particularly in nursing, midwifery, and community health services. To address this gap, the State proposes a phased recruitment and deployment strategy. A total of 1,005 health workers will be recruited in 2025, followed by 1,000 in 2026 and 1,519 in 2027, giving a cumulative recruitment of 3,524 health workers. In 2028, the State will undertake a comprehensive evaluation of the recruitment outcomes, workforce attrition, retirements, population growth, and service demands across the 520 PHCs. Based on this assessment, additional recruitment and strategic redeployment of approximately 1,005 health workers, or as determined by the evaluation, will be undertaken to close the remaining staffing gap and address emerging workforce needs.

#### **A. Retirement Forecast**

| <b>Year</b> | <b>Total Retiring</b> |
|-------------|-----------------------|
| <b>2025</b> | 99                    |
| <b>2026</b> | 61                    |
| <b>2027</b> | 69                    |
| <b>2028</b> | 109                   |

## B. Recruitment Forecast

| Year | Recruitment Target            | Focus                                           | Cumulative Recruitment | Remaining Gap |
|------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------------------------|---------------|
| 2025 | 1,005                         | Priority cadres and underserved PHCs            | 1,005                  | 3,524         |
| 2026 | 1,000                         | Rural/high-volume PHCs and redeployment         | 2,005                  | 2,524         |
| 2027 | 1,519                         | Address remaining critical shortages            | 3,524                  | 1,005         |
| 2028 | Needs-based 1,005 if required | Evaluate impact, recruit/redeploy to close gaps | Up to 4,529            | 0             |

### 2025 RECRUITMENT PLAN PRIMARY HEALTHCARE WORKERS

| <b>Activity</b>                                       | <b>Timeline</b> | <b>Responsible Body</b> | <b>Output</b>               |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Conduct Health workers Gap and Needs Assessment       | Q2 2025         | SPHCDA, MoH, LGSC       | Needs assessment report     |
| Engage Stakeholders and Community Leaders             | Q2 2025         | SPHCDA, MoH, LGAs       | Validated recruitment needs |
| Develop and Approve Recruitment Guidelines            | Q2 2025         | SPHCDA, LGSC            | Recruitment framework       |
| Advertise Positions                                   | Q3 2025         | SPHCDA, MoH, LGAs       | Call for applications       |
| Shortlist, Interview, and Select Qualified Candidates | Q3–Q4 2025      | SPHCDA, MoH, LGAs       | Final list of teachers      |
| Issue Offer Letters and Conduct Orientation           | Q4 2025         | LGSC, SPHCDA            | Health workers onboarded    |

### DEPLOYMENT PLAN

| <b>Activity</b>                                       | <b>Timeline</b> | <b>Responsible Body</b> | <b>Output</b>               |
|-------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Develop a Deployment Strategy (using data and GIS)    | Q3 2025         | SPHCDA, LGA             | Equitable deployment map    |
| Prioritize underserved LGAs and rural/remote schools. | Q3 2025         | SPHCDA, LGA             | Deployment priority list    |
| Deploy Newly Recruited Health workers                 | Q4 2025         | SPHCDA                  | Deployment letters          |
| Engage Traditional Institutions and SBMCs             | Q4 2025         | SPHCDA, MoH, LGA        | Local support for retention |

|                                  |            |                  |                             |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Monitor Compliance and Retention | Continuous | SPHCDA, MoH, LGA | Quarterly deployment report |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------------|-----------------------------|

## TRAINING PLANS

| Activity                                                  | Timeline  | Responsible Body        | Output                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|------------------------------|
| Training Needs Assessment (TNA)                           | Q2 2025   | SPHCDA                  | Skills gap report            |
| Develop an Annual Health workers Training Plan            | Q3 2025   | SPHCDA                  | Endorsed training calendar   |
| Induction and Pedagogical Training for New Health workers | Q4 2025   | SPHCDA, MoH             | Trained new recruits         |
| In-Service Training                                       | 2025-2027 | SPHCDA, LGASC, Partners | Continuous capacity building |

## RISK & MITIGATION

| Risk                                  | Mitigation                                                    |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| Reluctance to work in rural areas     | Rural posting incentives, housing schemes, recognition awards |
| Budgetary constraints                 | Timely release of counterpart funding, explore donor grants.  |
| High attrition rate                   | Rural posting incentives, housing schemes, recognition awards |
| Political interference in recruitment | Transparent, merit-based recruitment system with oversight    |

## Policy Recommendations

To ensure the sustainability of the workforce plan, the following policy measures should be considered:

1. Introduce rural posting allowances and career progression incentives for health workers in underserved areas.
2. Strengthen pre-service and in-service training programs for continuous professional development.
3. Establish a digital health workforce database for real-time monitoring and planning.



4. Leverage support from development partners to enhance recruitment efforts.

## **7. Conclusion**

The findings of this baseline exercise highlight the urgent need for strategic health worker recruitment and deployment in Kwara State. The state can enhance primary health care service delivery by implementing the proposed multi-year plan and bridging critical workforce gaps. Strong government commitment and stakeholder collaboration will be essential to achieving these objectives.

**Approved by:**

A handwritten signature in green ink, appearing to read 'Amina Ahmed El-Imam', followed by the date '30/3/25'.

Dr Amina Ahmed El-Imam  
Hon. Commissioner for Health  
Kwara State  
28/3/2025